

# Classical Mechanics

PHYS 2006

Tim Freegarde



# Rotational motion

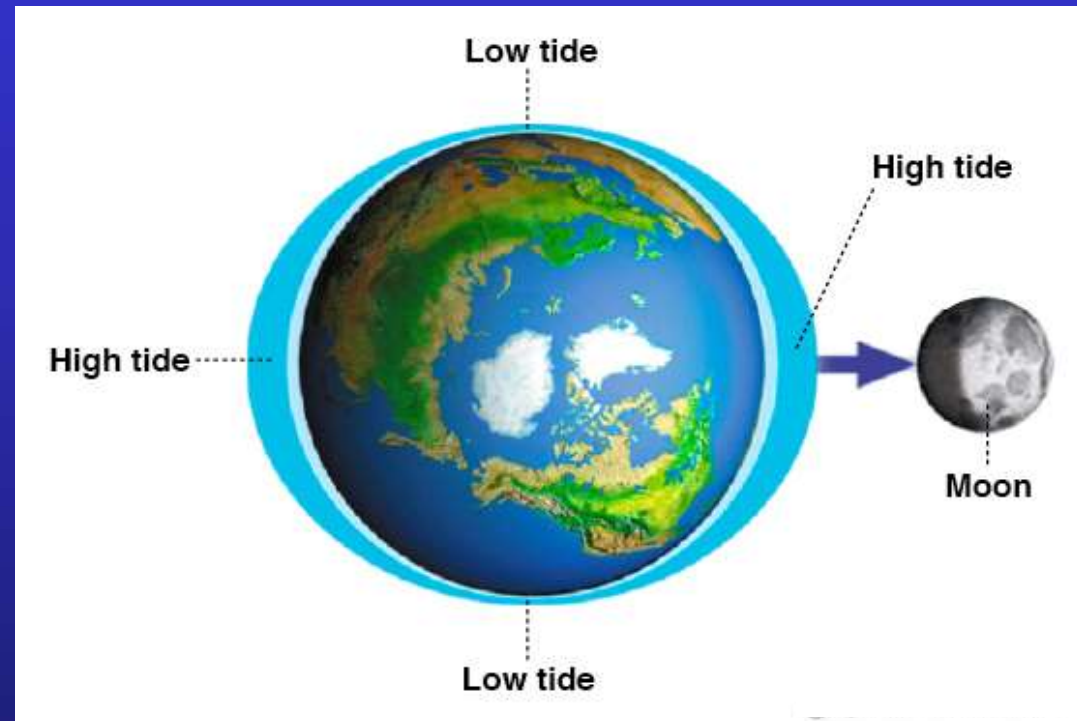
- body motion not determined solely by centre of mass
- distribution relative to centre of mass also important



[http://www.esa.int/spaceinimages/Images/2016/08/Full\\_Moon](http://www.esa.int/spaceinimages/Images/2016/08/Full_Moon)

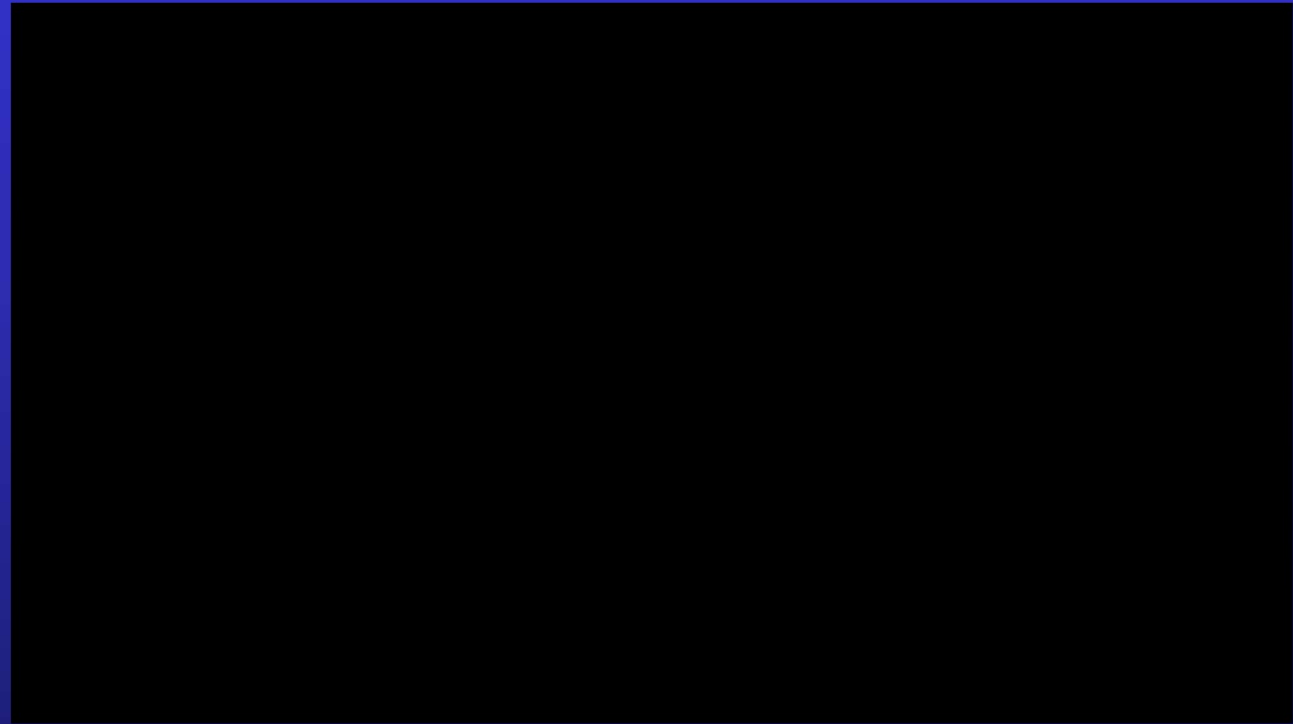
# Tides

- body motion not determined solely by centre of mass
- distribution relative to centre of mass also important



QA International

# Rotational motion



Veritasium <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=GeyDf4ooPdo>

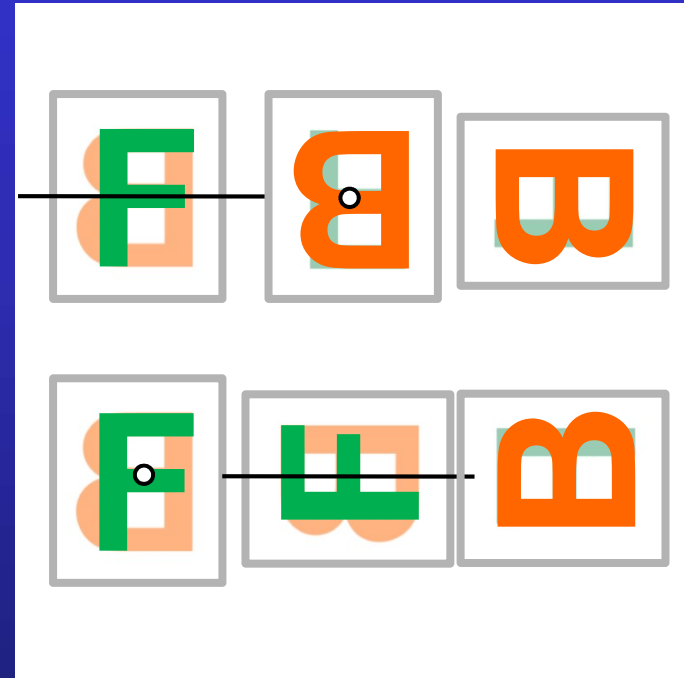
# Rotations

- rotations through finite angles do not commute

$$180_x 90_z \neq 90_z 180_x$$

- infinitesimal rotations do commute

$$d\phi_x d\phi_z = d\phi_z d\phi_x$$



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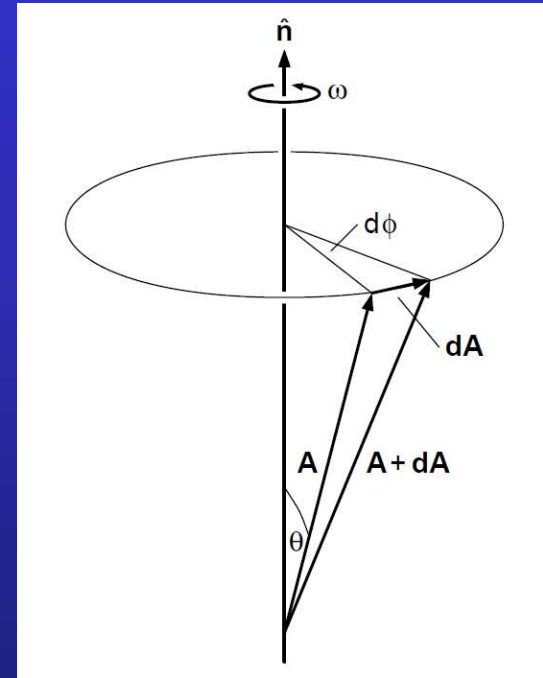
$$d\phi_x d\phi_z = d\phi_z d\phi_x$$

- infinitesimal rotations can be represented as vectors

$$d\phi_n \equiv d\phi \hat{\mathbf{n}} = \frac{d\phi}{dt} dt \hat{\mathbf{n}} \equiv \boldsymbol{\omega} dt \hat{\mathbf{n}} = \boldsymbol{\omega}_n dt$$

- angular velocity vectors can hence be added

$$\boldsymbol{\omega}_{total} = \boldsymbol{\omega}_1 + \boldsymbol{\omega}_2 + \dots$$



# Rotational motion



Veritasium <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=tLMpdBjA2SU>